

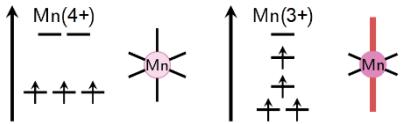
Unraveling the Reactivity of a Tetramanganese-Polyoxovanadate Water Oxidation Catalyst

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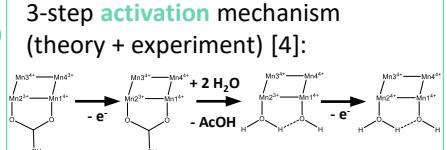
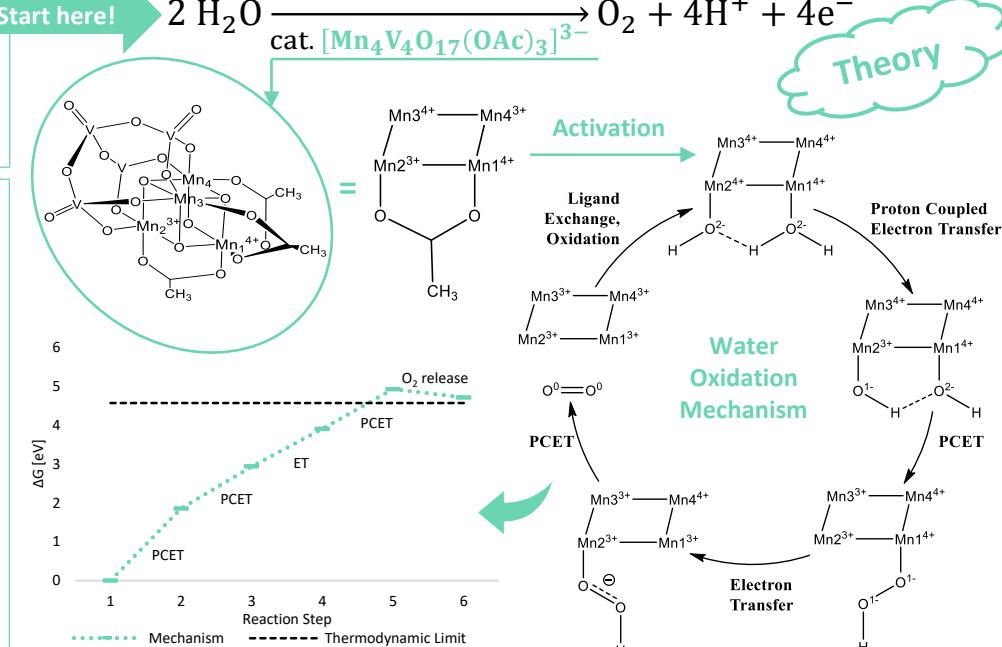
[Mn₄V₄O₁₇(OAc)₃]³⁻
TON > 12 000; TOF > 200 min⁻¹ [1]
Model system for MnO catalysts
Water oxidation in ACN:H₂O 9:1
with [Ru(bpy)₃]²⁺, Na₂S₂O₈ [2]

Methods

Manual analysis of water ligand conformers; automated generation of Jahn-Teller conformers [3]
77 out of 203 conformers for 21/24 intermediates along 32/64 pathways optimized; remainder is unstable

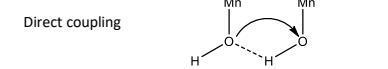


Preopt with constraints: ORCA/
BP86/ZORA-SVP-D3/PCM (ACN)
Final opt: Gaussian16/UB3LYP/
def2svp-D3/PCM (H₂O/ACN)

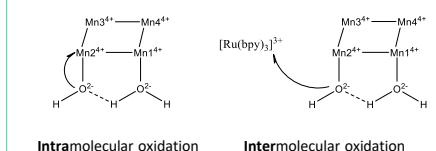


Activated species:
[Mn⁴⁺₄V₄O₁₇(OAc)₂(H₂O)(OH)]¹⁻

Proximity of ligands determines water oxidation mechanism:



To release O₂, water ligands must shed 3 H⁺ and be oxidized 4 times
Assume proton-coupled electron transfers (PCETs): 3 PCET, 1 ET steps
Proton acceptors in solution
Oxidation can be intramolecular or intermolecular



References

- [1] F. L. Huber et al., *Sustain. Energy Fuels*, 2018, 2, 1974.
- [2] B. Schwarz et al., *Angew. Chemie Int. Ed.*, 2016, 55, 6329.
- [3] S. Mai et al., *in preparation*, 2020.
- [4] G. Cardenas et al., *submitted*, 2020.